Phase 1/2 Trial Evaluating AOC 1020 Safety and Pharmacokinetics in Adults with **Facioscapulohumeral Muscular Dystrophy** (FSHD): FORTITUDE Trial Design





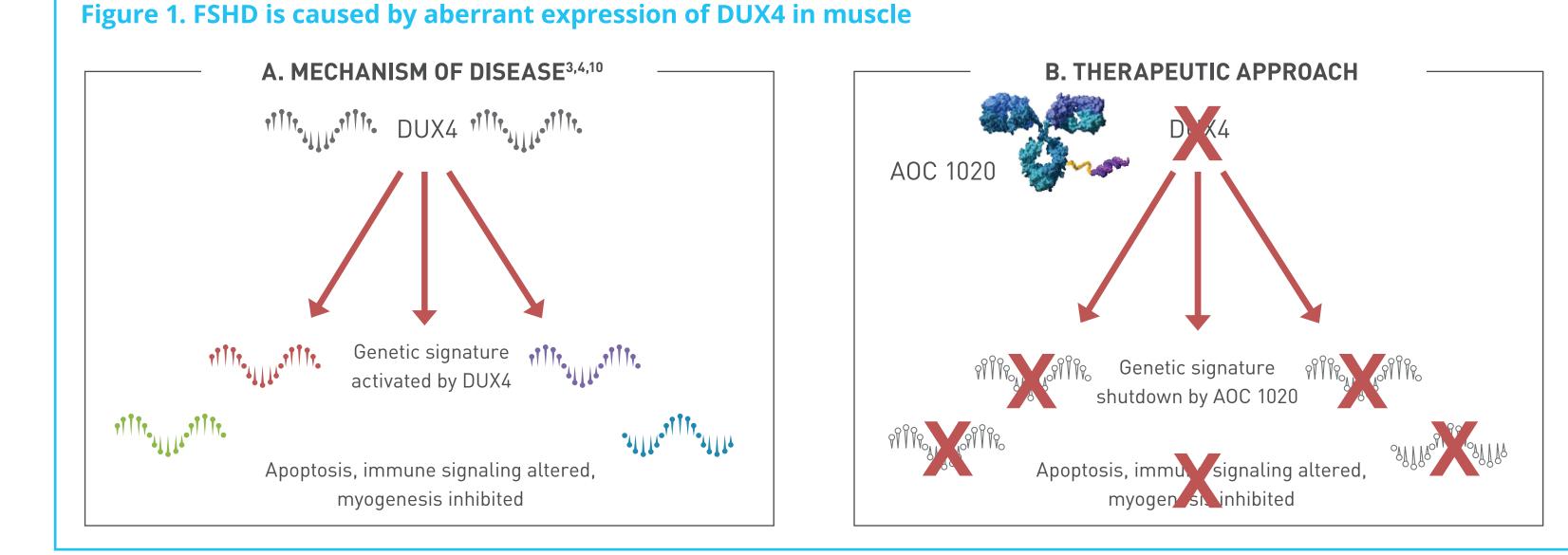
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Background	FORTITUDE [™] Trial Design
 Facioscapulohumeral dystrophy (FSHD) is one of the most common forms of muscular dystrophy affecting approximately 16,000–38,000 people in the US^{1,2} 	 FORTITUDE[™] (AOC 1020-CS1) is a randomized, placebo-controlled, double-blind, global trial designed to evaluate the safety and tolerability of AOC 1020. The trial is being conducted that in three parts in patients with FSHD (Figure 3):
 FSHD is an autosomal dominant disease caused by abnormal expression of double homeobox 4 (DUX4), leading to a series of downstream events that result in skeletal muscle degeneration and wasting (Figure 1A)^{3,4} 	- Part A: A single cohort dose titration group evaluating 2 lower doses
	- Part B: 2 multiple ascending dose cohorts evaluating 2 higher doses
 Characterized by slowly progressive, often asymmetric skeletal muscle loss with onset often in teenage and adult years⁵ 	 Part C: A single-cohort, parallel-group, evaluating 2 doses selected based on part A and B results
 Approximately 20% of patients will end up using a wheelchair⁵ 	• The trial will last 12 months and participants in each part will receive 5 doses of study medication administered quarterly with

- There are no US Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved therapies for FSHD
- Current medical treatment is focused on symptom management⁶
- AOC 1020 is an antibody oligonucleotide conjugate (AOC) designed to target DUX4 messenger RNA (mRNA) for degradation and to address the underlying cause of FSHD (Figure 1B)^{7,8}
- AOC 1020 has been granted fast-track and orphan designation by the U.S. FDA and orphan drug designation by the EMA for the treatment of FSHD⁹

Avidity's Approach

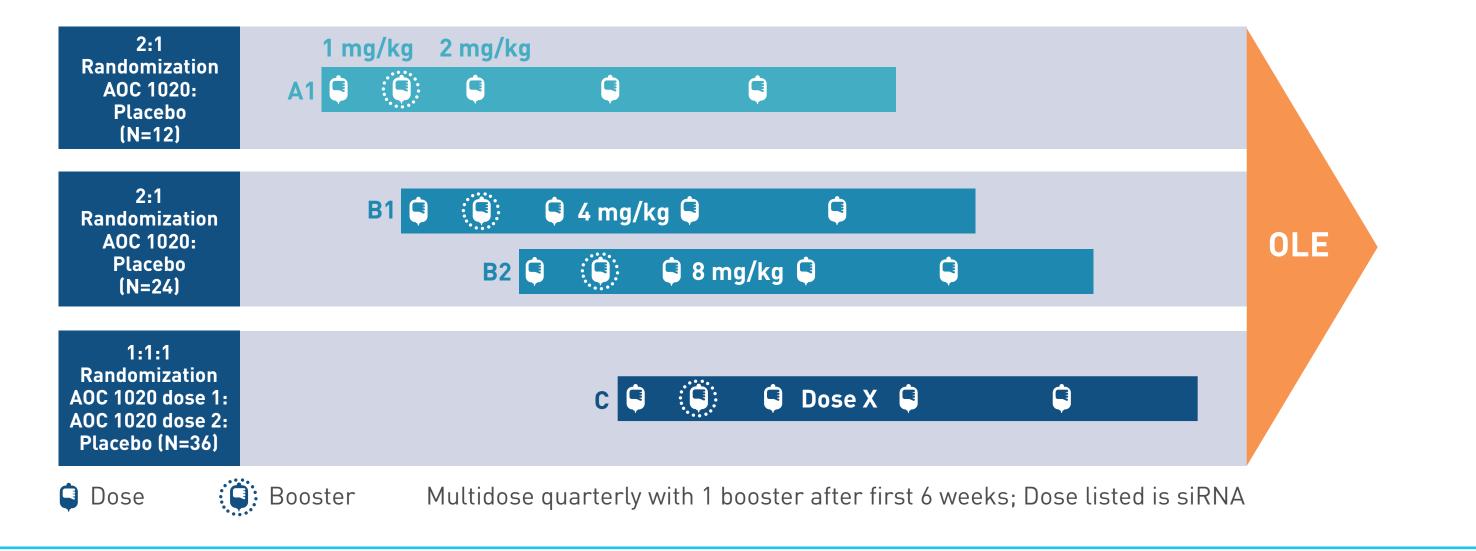


Mechanism of Action

- **Figure 2** illustrates the structure of AOC 1020 and its three components:
- **1. Antibody:** Human transferrin receptor 1 (TfR1) targeting, effector function-null, humanized IgG1 antibody (hAVO1mAb) to affect delivery to skeletal muscle^{7,8}

- The trial will last 12 months and participants in each part will receive 5 doses of study medication administered quarterly with 1 booster at 6 weeks
- Eligible participants will have the option to enroll in an open-label extension (OLE) study
- Clinicaltrials.gov identifier: NCT05747924¹¹

Figure 3. FORTITUDE[™] trial design employs both single and multiple dosing cohorts



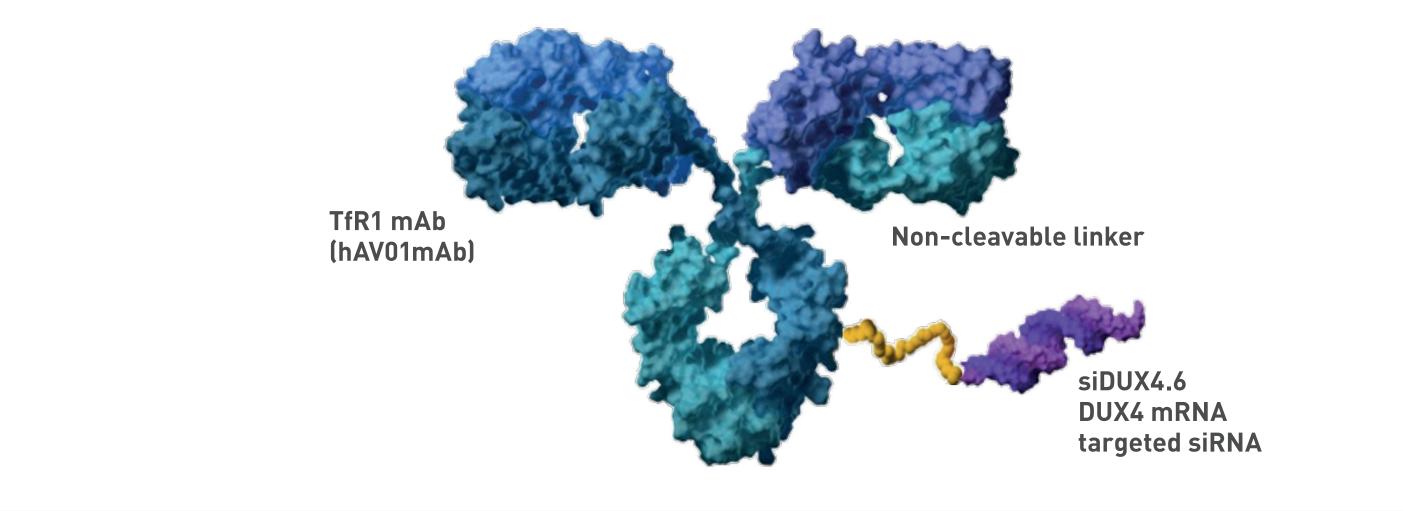
Key Inclusion and Exclusion Criteria

Key Inclusion Criteria

- 18 to 65 years of age (inclusive)
- Genetic diagnosis of FSHD1 or FSHD2
- FSHD clinical score (FCS) of 2 to 14 (inclusive, with points from upper and lower body)
- Ambulatory and able to walk 10 meters (use of walkers or 2 canes to walk 10 meters are excluded)
- At least 1 muscle region in the leg suitable for biopsy based on the Screening MRI
- Key Exclusion Criteria
- Diagnosed with congenital or infantile FSHD
- Body mass index (BMI) >35.0 kg/m²
- Unable to have muscle biopsy performed (in the eligible muscle) within 30 days of screening due to
- Physician discretion of the patient's suitability
- Previous muscle biopsy within 30 days
- Plans to undergo a non-study muscle biopsy Clinically significant laboratory abnormalities

- **2. Non-cleavable linker:** MCC maleimide linker, enhanced for safety and durability^{7,8}
- **3. Oligonucleotide:** Stabilized siRNA targeting DUX4 mRNA (siDUX4.6); engineered and stabilized to withstand lysosomal enzymes, selected for potency and specificity, and modified to diminish off-target effects^{7,8}

Figure 2. AOC 1020: An antibody oligonucleotide conjugate targeting DUX4 mRNA for degradation



Trial Objectives



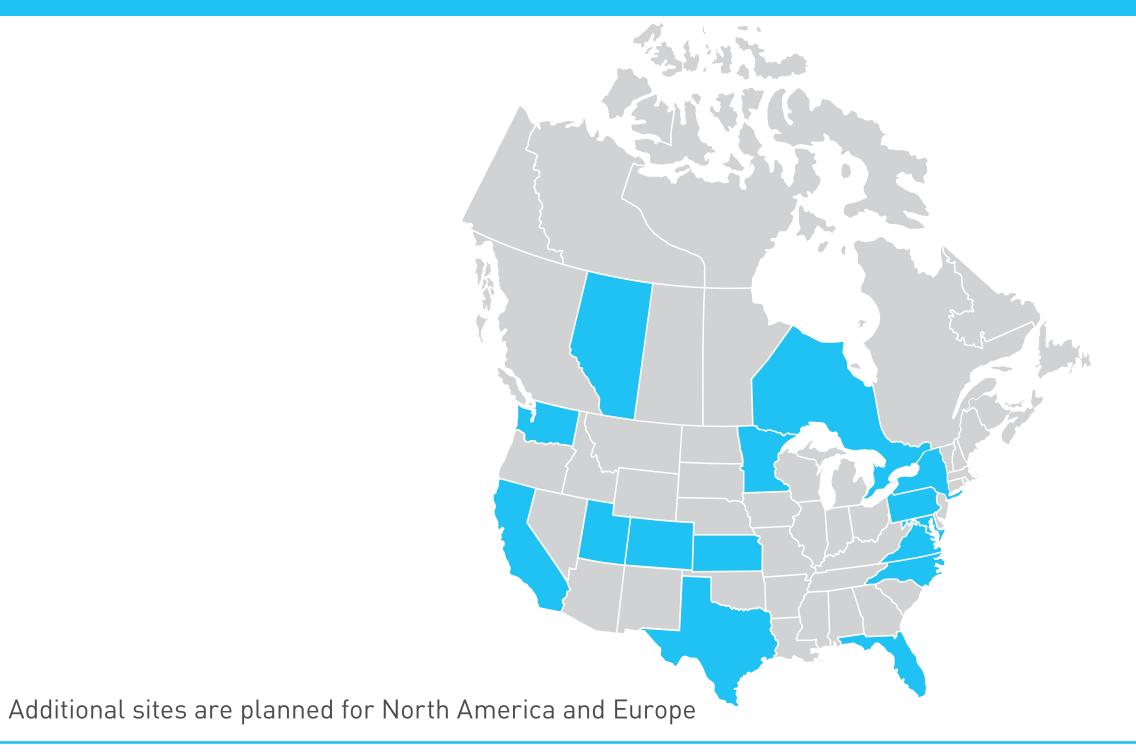
Primary Objective

• To evaluate the safety and tolerability of ascending doses of AOC 1020 in patients with FSHD

Secondary Objective

- Congenital or infantile FSHD
- Any contraindication to MRI
- Presence or history of clinically significant illness, medical condition, or abnormal test result/finding that could affect a participant's safety or ability to comply with study procedures

Map of Planned North American Sites



Plasma pharmacokinetics and muscle concentrations

Key Exploratory Objectives

- Pharmacodynamics
- DUX4-regulated gene expression (from muscle biopsies taken at baseline and after 4 months of treatment)
- Measures of clinical activity
- Muscle strength (e.g., hand held dynamometry)
- Muscle function (e.g., reachable workspace, timed up and go test)
- Muscle composition and volume measured by magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), including MRI measures of muscle fat infiltration, muscle fat fraction, and lean muscle volume
- Patient-reported outcomes (PRO)

Abbreviations

AOC, antibody oligonucleotide conjugate; BMI, body mass index; DUX4, double homeobox 4; FCS, FSHD clinical score; FDA, Food and Drug Administration; EMA, European Medicines Agency; FSHD, facioscapulohumeral dystrophy; hAVO1mAb, humanized IgG1 monoclonal antibody; MRI, magnetic resonance imaging; mRNA, messenger RNA; OLE, open-label extension; PRO, patient-reported outcomes; siDUX4.6, stabilized small interfering RNA targeting DUX4 mRNA; siRNA, small interfering RNA; TfR1, human transferrin receptor 1.

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DISCLOSURES

- **1.** This poster is sponsored by Avidity Biosciences, Inc.
- **2.** Some authors are employees of Avidity Biosciences, Inc. and may have stock options or an ownership interest.

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